ADOLESCENT HEALTH

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- The term adolescence is derived from the Latin word "adolescere" meaning to grow, to mature.
- It is considered as a period of transition from childhood to adulthood.
- They are no longer children yet not adults. It is characterized by rapid physical growth, significant physical, emotional, psychological and spiritual changes.
- Adolescents constitute 22.8% of population of India as on 1st march 2000.
- They are not only in large numbers but are the citizens and workers of tomorrow.
- The problems of adolescents are multi-dimensional in nature and require holistic approach.
- A large number of adolescents in India are out of school, malnourished, get married early, working in vulnerable situations, and are sexually active.
- They are exposed to tobacco or alcohol abuse.

What is Adolescence?

World Health Organization

- A phase which involves -
 - Progression from appearance of secondary sexual characteristics (puberty) to sexual and reproductive maturity
 - Development of adult mental process and identity
 - Transition from total social-economic dependence to relative independence

Need for Adolescent Care

"A world fit for children is one in which
... all children, including adolescents,
have ample opportunity to develop their
individual capacities in a safe and
supportive environment".

- Adolescence : 10 19 years
- Early Adolescence : 10 13 years
- Middle adolescence : 14 16 years
- Late adolescence : 17 19 years
- Youth : 15 24 years
- Young people :10 24 years

Challenges in adolescent development and health in INDIA:

- 1. 45% of adolescent girls under nourished
- 2. 20% of adolescent boys under nourished
- 3. Early marriage 26% < 15yrs girls, 54% < 18yrs
- 4. 20 30% adolescent boys sexually active
- 5. 10% adolescent girls sexually active
- 6. 59% adolescents know about condoms
- 7. 49% adolescents know about contraceptives
- 8. 4.5% drug abuse
- 9. 50% of all HIV positive new infections are in the age group of 10 25yrs
- 10. Adolescent abortion 1 4.4 millions

- Early adolescence(10 -13yrs):
 Spurt of growth of development of secondary sex.
- Middle adolescence(14-16yrs):
 Separate identity from parents, new relationship to peer groups, with opposite sex and desire for experimentation.
- Late adolescence(17-19yrs):
 Distinct identity, well formed opinion and ideas

The following changes are taking place during adolescent period:

- a) Biological changes onset of puberty
- b) Cognitive changes emergence of more advanced cognitive abilities
- c) Emotional changes self image, intimacy, relation with adults and peers group
- d) Social changes transition into new roles in the society

Why Adolescents are Important?

- They are a demographic force.
- They are an economic force.
- They are the future health.
- They have a right to participate.

Am I Normal?

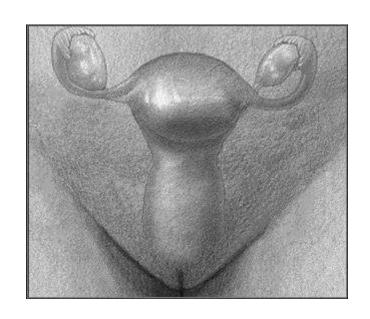
- Rapid growth. . . Cause of Concern!
- Adolescents have a fundamental human right to accurate and comprehensive reproductive and sexual health information.

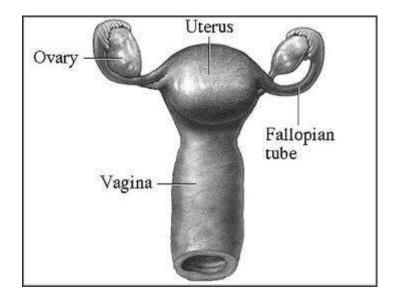


Reproductive system

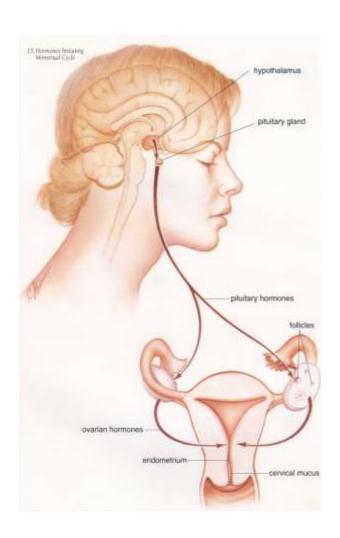
- Different in Boys & Girls
- Influenced by HPOA (Hypo Thalamo Pituitary Ovarian Axis)
- Produces different hormones
 - Oestrogen, Progesterone in female
 - Testosterone in Male

Female Reproductive System

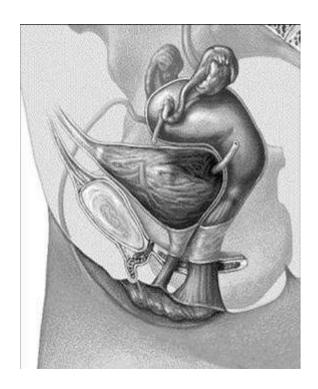




Getting periods... how?



Side view of female body



MOST NOTICEABLE CHANGE

- Shedding of inner wall of uterus every month (Usually) manifested as bleeding per vaginam
- Duration: 3 to 5 days, Interval 25-35 days
- Count cycle from 1st day of bleeding.
- Blood loss: 60-80 ml/cycle
- Associated complaints Pain/backache/acne

- Clean pad/cloth, tampons & its disposal
- Do not use wet clothes, it causes infection
- Change pads frequently
- Cotton under wears (avoid synthetic fabric/nylon)
- Wash yourself (private parts) properly and frequently every time you go to toilet
- Regular bath
- Skin & Hair care

Something about boys too...

- They do change/ little late than girls
- height, hair, voice
- Testosterone \rightarrow male hormone
- Emotional changes

Health implications of sexual dev.

- Reproductive tract infections
- Sexually transmitted infections
- Pregnancy
- Sexual abuse
- Early sexual involvement

Consequences of unsafe sexual behaviour

- Unwanted pregnancies.
- Unsafe abortions

 death.
- STI like HIV and AIDS.
- RTIs leading to chronic pelvic pain, infertility.
- Cervical cancer.

ADOLESCENT HEALTH PROBLEMS

- 1. Anorexia nervosa
- 2. Obesity & overweight
- 3. Adolescent pregnancy
- 4. Micronutrient deficiency
- 5. Emotional problems
- 6. Behavioural problems
- 7. Substance abuse & injuries
- 8. Sexually transmitted infection
- 9. Thinking and studying problems
- 10. Identity problems

Say YES to;

- Milk & Milk products (Curd, Paneer)
- Green vegetables, Fruits, Cereals
- Soups, Juices
- Regular meals
- Balanced Diet





Teenage & Diet / Obesity

- Pizza ~ Burger ~ Sandwich
- Aerated drinks / Preserved Juices
- Coffee / Cocktails / Mocktails
- French Fries
- Vada-pav
- What more do you like?!
- AVOID Food with FAT



Slim v/s fit

- Do not starve
- NO crash diet, seek professional help for weight loss (Not to get carried away with advertisements!)
- FITNESS is more important than looking slim!
- YOU CAN avoid nutritional deficiency by regular, balanced diet intake

Anaemia – Avoid it!

- Anaemia is the state in which there is a decreased production of red blood cells or a decreased concentration of haemoglobin in the cells. This results in decreased oxygen carrying capacity.
- You can know your hemoglobin level by simple blood test.

Incidence & Consequences

- 7 out of 10 girls sitting may be anaemic during teen age years. It is that common!
- Do you suffer from any of the following?
 - Tiredness
 - Lack of concentration (Poor performance at studies)
 - Hair Loss
 - Irritability

IT CAN BE DUE TO ANEMIA

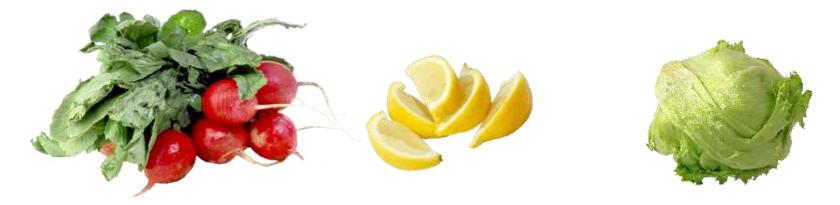
Why Anemia?

- Poor dietary habits?
- Are you losing excess blood from your body?
 - Passing clots/menses for >7days.
 - Black stools/red urine in some diseases.
 - Anal itching/postprandial hurry could be worms.
- Some diseases may also cause anaemia.

Cure it urgently

Anaemia ~ How to deal with it?

- Repeated Haemoblobin measurements
- Diet rich in iron containing food



 Iron supplements to make up for deficit (as advised by your doctor)

Iron Rich sources



Healthy food habits

- Never skip meals or go for crash dieting.
- Have proper breakfast and an early dinner.
- Limit fast food intake to a minimum.
- Have at least one fruit a day.
- Have salads often and vegetables daily.

Exercise & Physical Activity

Does it really HELP? YES,

- Improves your strength & endurance.
- Bones & muscles becomes more healthy.
- Avoids weight gain.
- Reduces anxiety & stress.
- Increases self esteem, confidence.

Exercise – Make it fun

- Choose an outdoor game as hobby e.g. badminton, Football, Volley Ball etc.
- Always get involved in school sports.
- Don't skip dancing classes for tuitions.
- Cycling, Swimming, Jogging, Brisk Walking helps you to maintain fitness.

Enjoy outdoor games





EMOTIONAL CHANGES

- Transition from childhood to adult
- Attraction
- Fantasies
- Fantasies
 Mood changes...:rresponsible, stubborn
- Search for identity and sexual development create sense of crisis

Life Style

- Regular.
- Simple.
- Optimistic.
- Helping hand, interdependence.
- Getting involved in humanitarian activities.
- Respecting social values & spirituality

Smoking, drinking, drugs

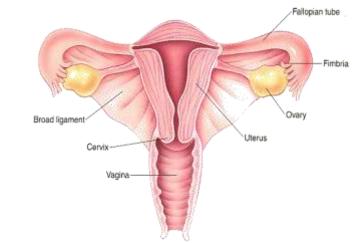
- Smoking is an evil which is best avoided it can cause cancers, heart disease, early death.
- Avoid alcohol intake.
- Drugs are like taking poison stay away.



Prayer and Meditation, Reading the Word of God

- Spiritual orientation gives us the power to resist the negative influences in society.
- Today's youth open to many temptations.
- The appropriate place for the expression of the sexual impulse is marriage.

Two Important vaccines for young girls



Vaccine to prevent

- Rubella infection (thereby avoiding birth of a child with defect)
- Cervical cancer (Cervix is the mouth of uterus)
 Its cancer prevalence is increasing & is the top most killer for women.



Have YOU ever seen a child with defect? Why it happens???

Rubella is one of causative factors

Rubella - German Measles is caused by RNA virus

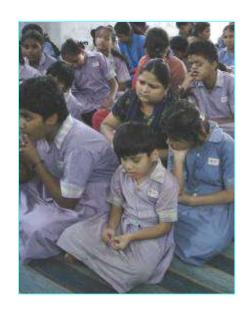
- Worldwide distribution
 - <u>Spreads in air</u> by the coughing & sneezing of an infected person, <u>Humans are apparently the only HOST</u>
- Susceptible group: Children, Young, Adults

Hallmark of this infection is skin rash

SEARO estimates....

10,00,000 + birth per year..having congenital defect (INDIA)

- Blindness
- Heart defects
- Mental retardation
- Deafness
- 21% due to Rubella





Not only birth defects;

- Rubella infection can cause recurrent pregnancy loss (multiple abortions)
- ALL such dangerous effects to girl/woman/unborn CAN BE PREVENTED with vaccine (Recommended in > 78 countries)
 - Subcutaneous (IM may cause more pain)
 - Antibodies starts appearing in the first week itself
 - Provides long acting immunity (18-20 years

Cancer Cervix





From
Smile to
Agony



Cancer vaccine for Young Girls

- HPV Vaccine to fight against virus called Human Papilloma Virus
- HPV infection usually occurs due to sexual exposure & contribute 99.7% of total cases of cancer of cervix (lower most part of uterus)₁
- In India: ~27% deaths worldwide is due to Cancer cervix
- Higher prevalence & death than any other cancer in India amongst the women which is on the increase

HPV Vaccine is available to fight against cervical cancer

- Two vaccines have been licensed globally for adolescent girls aged 9-26 yrs
- Quadrivalent vaccine.
- Bivalent vaccine.

Quadrivalent vaccine

Bivalent vaccine

Prevention of: HPV related
Cancer Cervix
Vulvar & Vaginal cancers
Ano -Genital warts
Recurrent Respiratory
Papilomatosi

Prevention of HPV related Cancer Cervix

HIV

- **H** = **Human** (Because this virus can infect human beings only)
- = Immunodeficiency (Because the virus causes deficiency of the human immune system to work)
- V = Virus (Infectious agent that replicates itself only with a living cell)

There are two types of HIV virus: H 1 & H 2

H 1 is more common in India

H 2 type is more common in Africa

The virus (HIV) can enter human body

Via...

- Blood
- Injection Syringe
- Sexual activity

Once it enters human body,

it attacks CD4 cells in blood and immunity is suppressed → Severe illness (AIDS



WAY OUT

- The key to combat AIDS lies in evolving an effective & preventive strategy while simultaneously providing Rx and setting up rehabilitation centers.
- Health education to college / school students.
- Male / Female condom promotion
 & newer microbicides.



How HIV is <u>not</u> transmitted?

- Staying in one house/playing together
- Studying in school together
- Working together at office / factory
- Hugging / Eating together / Hand shaking
- Using common clothes / attires
- Using public toilets
- Using common swimming pool
- Mosquito bite/other insect bite
- By air via respiration

Accident and Violence

- Deaths and Injuries are more common in them
- Unintentional Injuries is the leading cause of Death in many countries
- Vulnerable both as victims and perpetrators
- Violence with in home is usually not treated seriously.

Sexual Abuse

- For millions sex is linked with cruelty, violence and abuse family members or adults with privileged access.
- Women are conditioned to be submissive to men thus early marriage, birth spacing, unprotected sex or unfaithful partner.
- Much sexual abuse takes place in home and is never reported
- Homeless –street adolescents are more vulnerable
- Young women may trade sex
- Increase in world trade sexual exploitation of young people "sex Tourism"
- UNICEF estimates 1 million adolescents are recruited in commercial sex trade

Depression and suicide

- Common with Low self esteem
- They feel they have no future and are useless
- Reduces the quality of life
- Likely to take risk with own health
- Depression can lead to suicide
- 90,000 young people commit suicide every

Eating Disorder

- Obesity and eating disorders exist along with malnutrition
- From early age adolescents are under pressure to be ultra thin – impact of media
- Bulimia and anorexia can permanently damage physical and mental health.
- Obesity if failed to deal in time may lead to serious health problems.

Why pay attention to Adolescent Health?

- To reduce death and disease in adolescents
- To reduce the burden of disease in later life
- To invest in health today and tomorrow
- To deliver on human rights
- To protect human capital

Reasons for adolescent reluctant to seek help

- FEAR
- UNCOMFORTABLE WITH OPPOSITE HEALTH WORKER
- POOR QUALITY PERCEPTION
- LACK OF PRIVACY
- CONFIDENTIALITY
- CUMBERSOME PROCEDURE
- LONG WAITING TIME
- PARENTAL CONSENT
- OPERATIONAL BARRIER
- LACK OF INFORMATION
- FEELING OF DISCOMFORT

ADOLESCENT FRIENDLY HEALTH CENTER SERVICES

- Reproductive Health services
- Sexual & Reproductive health education
- Contraception
- Pregnancy testing and option
- MTP
- STD/HIV Screening counselling and treatment
- Prenatal & postpartum care
- Well baby care
- Nutritional services
- Growth & development monitoring
- Anticipatory guidance about substance abuse and other risk taking behaviour
- Counseling for life skill development
- Screening for various disorders

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